

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

presentation from the side of the Allies of one of the most important questions which will command the consideration of the nations in the discussion of peace at the close of the war, the official orders and testimony submitted with facsimiles of documents make a powerful case. Charges discussed are the violation of the neutrality of Belgium and Luxemburg, and of the French frontier, the killing of prisoners and wounded, looting, arson, rape, and murder, violations of the Geneva Conventions, use of forbidden bullets, burning liquids and gases, bombardment of fortresses without notice, and of open towns, and destruction of public buildings, churches, and art museums, treacherous methods of warfare, and cruelties to the civil population.

The Last Weapon. By Theodora Wilson Wilson. C. W. Daniel, Ltd., London, England. 1916. 185 p. One shil-

"A Vision," the author calls this imaginative story of evil spirits that rule men in war, and of the final victory of the "last weapon" which must be used finally to settle differences between men—the force of love. The book makes a dramatic contrast between men ruled by the war spirit of fear and hatred, and the few courageous crusaders who brave violence to try to convert their countrymen to the cause of cooperative goodwill and peace by the teaching of brotherhood.

Ways to Lasting Peace. By Dr. David Starr Jordan. Bobbs-Merrill Company, Indianapolis, Ind. 1916. 255 p. \$1.00.

Like all of Dr. Jordan's work, this new book is interesting, and will prove helpful for those trying to think out the great questions affecting our international relations. It hardly represents Dr. Jordan's best. In Chapter 2, which is an analysis of propositions for lasting peace, the statement occurs on page 20 that "the oldest of these is the Union for Democratic Control, formed in London in September, 1914." Such a statement should have been defined to apply to programs organized since the war began. The book represents a gathering of many views without much consideration or analysis of the importance of those views.

Labour Year Book, 1916. Issued under the auspices of The Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union Congress, The Executive Committee of the Labour Party, The Fabian Research Department. Co-operative Printing Society, Ltd., London, England. 688 p. One shilling, card covers, two shillings sixpence, cloth; postage extra

A complete review of the labor movement in England for the year, with men like Arthur Henderson, M. P., J. A. Hobson, G. Bernard Shaw, Philip Snowden. M. P., and Sidney Webb among the contributors. 'The labor problem is discussed from the point of view of the war, industrial organization, politics, co-operative enterprise, internationalism, imperial and national government, local government. and social insurance, with facts and statistics.

Pamphlets Received.

Andrew Carnegie. By Dr. Henry S. Pritchett. Privately printed, Cleveland, Ohio, 1915.

The Three Bases of Morality. By William P. Thompson. The Peace Movement. A Peace Gospel. By Rev. J. Baldwin Brown. The Peace Society, 47 New Broad Street, E. C., London, England. 1915.

Wyoming System of Military Training for School Boys. Investigation by Stanley R. Yarnall. Philadelphia, Pa. 1916

Citizens of the World. By Yervant H. Iskender. Tom-na-Monachan, Pitlochry, Scotland.

American Opinions of the World War, as Seen by a German. By Eduard Bernstein. Translated by Dr. John Mez. American Association for International Conciliation, New York City. February, 1916.

The Grapes and the Thorns: Thoughts in War Time. By Gilbert Thomas. Headley Brothers, London, England. 1916. One shilling net.

International Ties. (Second Part.) By Mrs. Mary McArthur Tuttle. The Crane Press, Washington, D. C. 1915.

The After-Armageddon Prayer. By Adair Welcker. Berkeley, Cal. 1916.

Description of Federal Public Documents. By Lawrence C. Wroth, Assistant Librarian. Enoch Pratt Free Library, Baltimore, Md. The H. W. Wilson Company, White Plains, New York.

Report of Proceedings of the International Congress of Women. The Hague, April 28, to May 1, 1915. International Women's Committee for Permanent Peace, Keizersgracht 467, Amsterdam, Holland. 60 cents, post free.

The Pacifist Principles: Preparedness—How Far? Preparedness Questioned. "The Only Hope for World Peace." The Missing Note. By Charles F. Dole. Association to Abolish War, 12 Hazelwood Street, Roxbury, Mass. 1916.

The War in Europe. What is the Duty of the Christian Citizen? By Dr. Alfred Salter. Reprinted from The Labour Leader, England, and published privately for distribution by C. Walter Borton, Moorestown, New Jersey. 1916.

The Unitarian Churches and International Peace. By Churles W. Wendte, D. D. Press of George H. Ellis Co., Boston, Mass. 1916.

Military Training in Schools and Colleges. By Isaac Sharpless, President of Haverford College. Reprinted from Proceedings of the Associations of Colleges and Preparatory Schools of the Middle States and Maryland, 1915. 9 p.

Illustrated Almanac in Italian, edited by the Pro Pace. Societa Internazionale Per La Pace, Unione Lumbarda, Milan, Italy. 96 p.

BRANCHES OF AMERICAN PEACE SOCIETY

THE BUFFALO PEACE SOCIETY, Buffalo, N. Y.

John B. Olmsted, President. Frank F. Williams, Secretary, Erie Co. Bank Bldg.

CALIFORNIA PEACE SOCIETIES:

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA PEACE SOCIETY, Berkeley, Cal.

William C. Allen, President. Robert C. Root, Secretary, Hobart Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.

Section: San José Normal School Peace Society.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA PEACE SOCIETY, Los Angeles, Cal.

Edward C. Bellows, President. Robert C. Root, Secretary, Hobart Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.

Section: The Redlands Peace Society, Redlands, Cal. William C. Allen, President.

Mrs. C. H. Covelle, Secretary, 231 Grant St.

THE CHICAGO PEACE SOCIETY, 116 South Michigan Ave. Henry C. Morris, President. Harold G. Townsend, Secretary.

CINCINNATI ARBITRATION AND PEACE SOCIETY, Cincinnati, O E. P. Marshall, President, Union Central Bldg. E. Jay Wohlgemuth, Sec., 403 Lincoln Inn Court.

THE CLEVELAND PEACE SOCIETY, Cleveland, Ohio.

Rev. Minot O. Simons, President.

Emma M. Perkins, Secretary, 2125 Adelbert Road.

THE CONNECTICUT PEACE SOCIETY, Hartford, Conn. Wilbur Fisk Gordy, President. Prof. C. M. Geer, Secretary, 1507 Broad St.

THE DALLAS PEACE SOCIETY, Dallas, Texas. Royal A. Ferris, President. Rev. George Gilmour, Secretary.

THE FLORIDA PEACE SOCIETY.

C. P. Dow, President, Orlando, Fla.

Miss A. R. Moremen, Secretary, DeLand, Fla.

Section: The Orlando Peace Society, Orlando, Fla. W. R. O'Neal, President.

Frank Smith, Secretary.